2002-C - Page 1 **NEW JERSEY CORPORATION BUSINESS TAX RETURN**

CBT-100

FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2002

Taxable year beginning							
Place the label provided below. Make necessary corrections on the label. Others two or print the requested information. Check if address change appears below.	ation						
type or print the requested information. Check if address change appears below. FEDERAL EMPLOYER I.D. NUMBER N.J. CORPORATION NUMBER	Date authorized to do bus	iness in	N.J				
TEDETAL EMILEOTER I.B. NOMBER	Date first began business	in N.J					
CORPORATION NAME	Federal business activity of	ode					
	Corporation books are in t	ne care	of				
MAILING ADDRESS	at						
CITY STATE ZIP CODE	Telephone Number (
CITY STATE ZIP CODE		DIV	/ISION	USF			
Total gross receipts less returns and allowances \$ Check if applicable □ Initial return □ 1120-S filer □ Final return □ Inactive	RP NP	,	Α		. R		
PAGES 1 AND 2 MUST BE COMPLETED ON THIS FO	RM. ONLY EXACT COPIES	MAY	BE SU	вѕтітц	JTED.		
Entire net income from Schedule A, line 38		1.					
2. Allocation factor from Schedule J, Part III, line 5. Non-allocating taxpayers s							
an entry on line 2		2.	•				
Allocated net income - Multiply line 1 by line 2. Non-allocating taxpayers mu amount from line 1 on this line		3.					
4. a) Total nonoperational income \$ (Schedule O, Part I) (3.					
b) Allocated New Jersey nonoperational income (Schedule O, Part III)		1(b)					
		4(b) 5.					
5. Total operational and nonoperational income (line 3 plus line 4(b))6. Investment Company - Enter 25% of line 1		6.					
, ,							
7. Real Estate Investment Trust - Enter 4% of line 1		7.					
8. Tax Base - Enter amount from line 5, 6 or 7, whichever is applicable		8.					
AMOUNT OF TAX - Multiply line 8 by .09 or, if applicable, by .075 (see instruction 11(d) for minimum tax requirements)		9.					
10. Credit for taxes paid to other jurisdictions (see instruction 29(a))		10.					
11. Subtract line 10 from line 9		11.					
12. Tax Credits (from Schedule A-3) (see instruction 39)		12.					
13. TOTAL TAX LIABILITY - line 11 minus line 12		13.					
14. INSTALLMENT PAYMENT (see instruction 40)		14.					
15. Total of line 13 plus line 14		15.					
16. Payments & Credits (see instruction 41)		16.					
a) Payments made by Partnerships on behalf of taxpayer		16(a) 17.					
18. Penalty and Interest Due - (see instructions 7(d) and 42)		17.					
, , , ,		18.					
19. Interest from CBT-160 (see instruction 43) (Attach Form CBT-160)		19.					
20. Annual Report Fee Registered Agent Change Fee		20.					
21. Total Balance Due - line 17 plus line 18 plus line 19 plus line 20		21.					
22. If line 16 plus 16(a) is greater than line 15 plus line 18 plus		21.		DIVIS	ION USE		
line 19 plus line 20, enter the amount of overpayment \$				פואום	1011 U3E		
23. Amount of Item 22 to be	d	1					
\$							
SIGNATURE AND VERIFICA	TION (See Instruction 14)						
I declare under the penalties provided by law, that this return (including any accompanying sometimes belief is a true, correct and complete return. If the return is prepared by a person other than							
to be reported in the return of which he has knowledge.	and anpayor, the decidiation is base	u on an i	ine minori	nauvii ICla	ung wulle	maucis	. oquii cu
(Date) (Signature of Duly Authorized Officer of Taxpayer)				(Title)			

(Address)

(Address)

(Preparer's ID Number)

(Employer's ID Number)

(Signature of Individual Preparing Return)

(Name of Tax Preparer's Employer)

(Date)

SCHEDULE A COMPUTATION OF ENTIRE NET INCOME (SEE INSTRUCTION 16)

EVERY CORPORATION MUST COMPLETE LINES 1 - 38 OF THIS SCHEDULE. ONLY THOSE TAXPAYERS WHO FILE AN UNCONSOLIDATED FEDERAL FORM 1120 ARE PERMITTED TO SUBMIT A COPY OF SUCH RETURN IN LIEU OF COMPLETING LINES 1 - 28 BELOW.

1	Gross receipts or sales Less returns and allowances	1	
	Less: Cost of goods sold (Schedule A-2, line 8)	2	
	Gross profit - Subtract line 2 from line 1	3	
4.	Dividends	4	
5.	Interest	5	
6.	Gross rents	6	
7.	Gross royalties	7	
8.	Capital gain net income (attach separate Federal Schedule D)	8	
9.	Net gain or (loss) from Federal Form 4797 (attach Federal Form 4797)	9	
10.	Other income (attach schedule)		
11.	TOTAL INCOME - Add lines 3 through 10		
12.	Compensation of officers (Schedule F)	12	
13.	Salaries and wages Less jobs credit Balance		
14.	Repairs (Do not include capital expenditures)	14	
15.	Bad debts	15	
16.	Rents	16	
17.	Taxes		
18.	Interest	18	
19.	Contributions	19	
20.	Depreciation from Federal Form 4562 (attach copy)		
21.	Less depreciation claimed in Schedule A and elsewhere on return 21(a)	21(b)	
22.	Depletion	22	
23.	Advertising		
24.	Pension, profit-sharing plans, etc.	24	
25.	Employee benefit programs	25	
26.	Other deductions (attach schedule)	26	
27.	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS - Add lines 12 through 26	27	
28.	Taxable income before net operating loss deductions and special deductions (line 11 less		
	line 27 must agree with line 28, page 1 of the Unconsolidated Federal Form 1120, or the		
	appropriate line item from the Federal Forms 1120-IC-DISC, 1120-FSC or 1120-A, whichever		
	is applicable. 1120-S filers who have not elected to be New Jersey S Corporations must report		
	the amount from line 7, Schedule S-1 of the CBT-100.) (see instructions 8(b) and 16(c))	28	
	NEW JERSEY ADJUSTMENTS		
	LINES 29 - 38 MUST BE COMPLETED ON THIS FORM		
		†	
29.	Interest on Federal, State, Municipal and other obligations not included in Item 5 above		
	(see instruction 16(d))	29	
30.	Environmental taxes deducted above (see instruction 16(e))	30	
31.	New Jersey State and other states taxes deducted above (see instruction $16(f)$)	31	
32.	Depreciation and other adjustments from Schedule S (see instruction 37)	32	
33.	(a) Deduction for Foreign Taxes paid, withheld or deemed paid. (see instruction 16(h))	33(a)	
	(b) Other deductions. Explain on separate rider. (see instruction 16(h))	33(b)	
	(c) Other additions. Explain on separate rider. (see instruction 16(h))	33(c)	
	(d) Elimination of nonoperational activity (Schedule O, Part I)	33(d)	
34.	Entire net income before net operating loss deduction and dividend exclusion (total of lines 28	- (-/	
	through 33 inclusive)	34	
35.	Net operating loss deduction from Schedule A-1 (see instructions 16(i) and 17)	35	
36.	Entire Net Income before dividend exclusion (line 34 minus line 35)	36	
		37	
37.	Dividend Exclusion from Schedule R, line 5. (see instruction 16(j))		
38.	ENTIRE NET INCOME (line 36 minus line 37 - carry to page 1, line 1)	38	

FEDERAL ID NUMBER

SCHEDULE A-1	NET OPERATING LOS	SS DEDUCTION AND CA	RRYOVER (See Instruction	ıs 16(i) an	d 17)
	(1)	(2) Income/Loss Reported	(3) Add N.J. ENI Adj.'s Excluding		(4)
	Fiscal Year Ended	on Schedule A, line 28	the Dividend Exclusion		Amount
N.J. NOL'S	1.			()
	2.			()
	3.			()
	4.			()
	5.			(
	6.			(
	7.			(
	8.				
	9.				
	10. 11.				
	12.				
	13.				
	14.				
N.J. NOL Carryover 1	15. Total lines 1 - 14, Co	olumn 4			
SCHEDULE A-2	COST OF GOODS SO	LD			
1. Inventory at beginning	ng of year			. 1.	
2. Purchases				. 2.	
3. Cost of labor				. 3.	
4. Additional section 26	63A costs			. 4.	
5. Other costs (attach s	schedule)			. 5.	
6. Total - Add lines 1 th	nrough 5			. 6.	
7. Inventory at end of y	/ear			. 7.	
8. Cost of goods sold -	Subtract line 7 from line	6. Enter here and on Sch	nedule A, line 2	. 8.	
SCHEDULE A-3	SUMMARY OF TAX C	REDITS (See Instruction	on 39)		
1. HMO Assistance Fu	nd Tax Credit from Form	310		1.	
2. New Jobs Investmen	nt Tax Credit from Form 3	04		2.	
•	Enterprise Zone Employe Enterprise Zone Investm		300 301	3.	
4. Redevelopment Auth	nority Project Tax Credit fr	om Form 302		4.	
5. Recycling Equipmen	nt Tax Credit from Form 30	03		5.	
			Form 305	6.	
				7.	
	•			8.	
	_		redit from Form 308	9.	
-	-			10.	
-				11.	
				12.	
-				13.	
•					
14. Total tax credits take	en on uns return - Add line	s i uiiougii i3. Enter ner	re and on page 1, line 12	14.	

CCHEDITIE D	BALANCE SHEET AS OF	
SCHEDULE D	BALANCE SHEET AS UP	

Figures appearing below must be the same as year-end figures shown on the taxpayer's books. If not, explain and reconcile on rider. Consolidated returns are not permitted.

Assets	Beginning of the Tax Year	End of Tax Year
1. Cash		
Trade notes and accounts receivable		
(a) Reserve for bad debts	()	()
3. Loans to stockholders / affiliates		
Stock of subsidiaries		
5. Corporate stocks		
6. Bonds, mortgages and notes		
7. New Jersey State and Local government obligations		
8. All other government obligations		
Patents and copyrights		
10. Deferred charges		
11. Goodwill		
12. All other intangible personal property (itemize)		
13. Total intangible personal property (total lines 1 to 12)		
14. Land		
15. Buildings and other improvements		
(a) Less accumulated depreciation	()	()
16. Machinery and equipment		
(a) Less accumulated depreciation	()	()
17. Inventories		
18. All other tangible personalty (net) (itemize on rider)		
19. Total real and tangible personal property (total lines 14 to 18)		
20. Total assets (add lines 13 and 19)		
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity		
21. Accounts payable		
22. Mortgages, notes, bonds payable in less than 1 year (attach schedule)		
23. Other current liabilities (attach schedule)		
24. Loans from stockholders / affiliates		
25. Mortgages, notes, bonds payable in 1 year or more (attach schedule)		
26. Other liabilities (attach schedule)		
27. Capital stock: (a) Preferred stock		
(b) common stock		
28. Paid-in or capital surplus		
29. Retained earnings - appropriated (attach schedule)		
30. Retained earnings - unappropriated		
31. Adjustments to shareholders' equity (attach schedule)		
32. Less cost of treasury stock		
33. Total liabilities and stockholder's equity (total lines 21 to 32)		

NAME AS SHOWN ON RETURN FEDERAL ID NUMBER SCHEDULE C RECONCILIATION OF INCOME PER BOOKS WITH INCOME PER RETURN (See Instruction 21) 7. Income recorded on books this year not 1. Net income per books included in this return (itemize) 2. Federal income tax (a) Tax-exempt interest \$ 3. Excess of capital losses over capital gains 4. Income subject to tax not recorded on books this year (itemize) 8. Deductions in this tax return not charged against book income this year (itemize) 5. Expenses recorded on books this year not (a) Depreciation \$ __ deducted in this return (itemize) (b) Contributions Carryover \$ ____ (a) Depreciation \$ (b) Contributions Carryover \$_____ (c) Other (itemize) \$_ 9. Total of lines 7 and 8 6. Total of lines 1 through 5 10. Income (Item 28, Schedule A) - line 6 less 9 SCHEDULE C-1 ANALYSIS OF UNAPPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS PER BOOKS (See Instruction 21) 1. Balance at beginning of year 5. Distributions 2. Net income per books (a) Cash \$ _____ (b) Stock \$ 3. Other increases (itemize) (c) Property \$ 6. Other decreases (itemize) 7. Total of lines 5 and 6 8. Balance end of year (line 4 less 7) 4. Total of lines 1, 2 and 3 SCHEDULE E **GENERAL INFORMATION (See Instruction 22)** ALL TAXPAYERS MUST ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS. RIDERS MUST BE PROVIDED WHERE NECESSARY. 1. Type of business Principal products handled Internal Revenue Center where corresponding Federal tax return was filed 2. FINAL DETERMINATION OF NET INCOME BY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT (See Instruction 15) Has a change or correction in the amount of taxable income of the reporting corporation or for any other corporation purchased, merged or consolidated with the reporting corporation, been finally determined by the Internal Revenue Service, and not previously reported to New Jersey? _____. If "Yes", an amended return must be filed. "Yes" or "No" 3. Did one or more other corporations own beneficially, or control, a majority of the stock of taxpayer corporation or did the same interests own beneficially, or control, a majority of the stock of taxpayer corporation and of one or more other corporations? ______ If "Yes", give full information below (Attach rider if necessary). "Yes" or "No" ____ Percent of Stock Owned or Controlled Name of Controlled Corporations By Whom Controlled 4. Is the capital stock of the taxpayer listed on any exchange? "Yes or No" _____. If yes, specify exchanges where listed and submit taxpayer's Annual Report to stockholders for the period covered by this return. 5. This question must be answered by domestic corporations only -(a) Does the taxpayer hold any personal property, including moneys, negotiable instruments, choses in action, interest, dividends, wages, debts or demands, stocks, bonds, deposits, and the accretions thereon, due or belonging to another where the owner, beneficial owner or person entitled to such property has been unknown, or where the whereabouts of such owner has been unknown, or where such personal property has been unclaimed for a period of fourteen successive years, (five successive years in the case of cash items such as money, wages, cash dividends, etc.) as of the last day of the accounting period covered in this return? "Yes or No" (b) If "Yes", itemize on a separate rider the nature of the property, value thereof and last known names and addresses of such owners or persons.

6. This question must be answered by corporations with income from sources outside the United States.

(a) Is income from sources outside the United States included in entire net income at line 38 of Schedule A. "Yes or No"

If the answer is "No", set forth such items of gross income, the source, the deductions and the amount of foreign taxes paid thereon. Enter at line

33, Schedule A, the difference between the net of such income and the amount of foreign taxes paid thereon not previously deducted.

SCHEDULE F CORPO	CHEDULE F CORPORATE OFFICERS - GENERAL INFORMATION AND COMPENSATION (See Instruction 23)						
(1)	(2)	(3)				5) Corporation	(6)
Name and Current Address of Officer	Social Security Number	Title		Dates Employed Fin this position To C		Owned	Amount of
	_		From			Preferred	Compensation
						 	
						-	
(a) Total compensation of officers .							
(b) Less: Compensation of officers	claimed elsewhere on the re	eturn					
(c) Balance of compensation of offi	cers (enter here and on Scho	edule A, line 12	, page 2)				

SCHEDULE H TAXES (See Instructions 16(f) and 24)

Include all taxes paid or accrued during the accounting period wherever deducted on Schedule A.

(a)	/h)	(a)	(d)	(0)	/f)
Corporation Franchise/Business Taxes	Corporation Business/Occupancy Taxes	Property Taxes	U.C.C or Payroll Taxes	Other Taxes (attach schedule)	(f) Total
	,				
	Franchise/Business	Corporation Corporation Franchise/Business Business/Occupancy	Corporation Corporation Property Franchise/Business Business/Occupancy Taxes	Corporation Corporation Property U.C.C or Franchise/Business Business/Occupancy Taxes Payroll	Corporation Corporation Property U.C.C or Other Taxes Franchise/Business Business/Occupancy Taxes Payroll (attach schedule)

SCHEDULE J Parts I, II, & III

ALL TAXPAYERS WHO MAINTAIN A REGULAR PLACE OF BUSINESS OUTSIDE OF NEW JERSEY REGARDLESS OF THE AMOUNT OF ENTIRE NET INCOME REPORTED ON SCHEDULE A, LINE 38, OF THE CBT-100 SHOULD COMPLETE SCHEDULE J. THIS SCHEDULE SHOULD BE OMITTED IF THE TAXPAYER DOES NOT MAINTAIN A REGULAR PLACE OF BUSINESS OUTSIDE THIS STATE OTHER THAN A STATUTORY OFFICE, IN WHICH CASE THE TAX LAW REQUIRES THE ALLOCATION FACTOR TO BE 100% (1.000000).

PAR (a)	State the number of regular corporate places o			•	,							
(b)	List the address of at least one such regular places the States in which the taxpayer maintaine	ace of business		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		stablish	ment	, suc	:h as	ware	ehou	– se,
(d)	factory, store, office, etc Give the address of every factory, warehouse,	store, or other place of busine	ess in Ne	w Jersey, indicating type	oe of esta	ıblishme	 ent _					- -
. ,	Number of people employed (average) in New Explain in detail internal controls used in distrib	•	Now Io	outside New Jers	,							- -
(1)	Explain in detail internal controls used in distric		inew se									_
(g)	State the location of the actual seat of manage	ment or control of the corpora	tion									
	T II AVERAGE VALUES (See Instruction											
	This schedule showing average values of real at the average values of real and tangible person cost. Rented or leased property is valued at 8 period covered by the return. All other property however, if no such book value exists, the mark	al property <i>owned</i> are to be co times the annual rent, includi y which is used by the taxpay	mputed ing any a er but is	on the basis of the aver amounts paid or accrue neither owned, rented	age book d in addi	values	there	eof a	nd no	ot on nt du	origi ring t	nal the
(c)	The frequency upon which the amounts in Colu	umns A and B below have bee	n avera	ged is			(See i	instru	uction	n 28)	
	ASSETS	AVERAGE VALUES	S (See in	struction 28)		רוו ווכ		LICE	- ON			
	ASSETS	Column A - New Jersey		nn B - Everywhere		DIVIS	JION	035	. OIN			
	Land											
	Buildings and other Improvements											
	Machinery and Equipment Inventories											
	All other Tangible Personalty Owned (Itemize on Rider)											
6.	Property rented or leased (8 x Annual Rent)											
	All other Property Used											
8.	Total Real and Tangible Personal Property											
PAR	T III COMPUTATION OF ALLOCATION I	FACTOR (See Instruction 29)									
1.	Average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible pers	sonal property:		COLUMN A (omit cents)			CO	LUMN	√ B			
	(a) In New Jersey (Part II, Column A, line 8)		1(a)		_							
	(b) Everywhere (Part II, Column B, line 8)	as 1/h)) Enter in Column D	1(b)		1(a)	1						
2.	(c) Percentage in New Jersey (line 1(a) divided by line Receipts:				1(c)	•						
	(a) From sales of tangible personal property shipped (See instruction 29(c))	to points within New Jersey.	2(a)		decin	plete by nal plac	es.					
	(b) From services performed in New Jersey		2(b)		perce	ent. Exa	mple:					
	(c) From rentals of property situated in New Jersey		2(c)			23,45 <u>6</u> 00,000			2 .	2 4	-	
	(d) From royalties for the use in New Jersey of pater	· · ·	2(d)		1,0	00,000	= .		<u> </u>	3 4	၂၁၂	О
	(e) All other business receipts earned in New Jersey.(f) Total New Jersey receipts (Total of lines 2(a) to 2		2(e) 2(f)		_							
	(g) Total receipts from all sales, services, rentals, roy	· /· /	-(1)									
	transactions everywhere.	. 0(x)). Fataria Oalara B	2(g)		0(1)	٦.						
	(h) Percentage in New Jersey (line 2(f) divided by lin	e 2(g)). Enter in Column B.			2(h)	•	-		\vdash		+	\dashv
3	Double-weighted receipts factor (Enter 2(h)) Wages, salaries and other personal service compensations	ation (See instruction 29(f))			2(i)	•	-L_			Ш		
	(a) In New Jersey		3(a)		_							
	(b) Everywhere	an 2/h)) Enter in O-liver D	3(b)		2(-)	1				\Box	\neg	\neg
4.	(c) Percentage of New Jersey (line 3(a) divided by line 3 (b) Sum of New Jersey percentages shown at lines 1(c),	. , ,			3(c)	•	+				\dashv	_
	Enter in Column B.	.h			4	•		1		Ш	\perp	
5.	Allocation Factor (line 4 divided by four, or by the nun included on line 4. See instruction 29(g)). Enter in C page 1, of the CBT-100.				5						\neg	

NAME AS SHOWN ON RETURN

FEDERAL ID NUMBER

SCHEDULE L

INVESTMENT COMPANIES

- 1. DEFINITION OF INVESTMENT COMPANY: "Investment company" shall mean any corporation whose business during the period covered by its report consisted to the extent of at least 90% thereof, of holding, investing and reinvesting in stocks, bonds, notes, mortgages, debentures, patents, patent rights and other securities, for its own account. But this shall not include any corporation which: (1) is a merchant or a dealer of stocks, bonds and other securities, regularly engaged in buying the same and selling the same to customers; or (2) had less than 90% of its average gross assets in New Jersey, at cost, invested in stocks, bonds, debentures, mortgages, notes, patents, patent rights or other securities or consisting of cash on deposit during the period covered by its report; or (3) is a banking corporation or a financial business corporation as defined in the Corporation Business Tax Act.
- NOTE: If taxpayer does not qualify under this definition, it is not entitled to report as an investment company.
- In order to qualify as an investment company, taxpayer must submit a schedule showing that it meets the following three-part business test and the assets test.
 - (a) i Income Adjusted: For purposes of the 90% requirement above, taxpayer, during the entire period covered by its report, must have derived 90% or more of its total income before deductions as reported for Federal income tax purposes from cash and/or investment type assets. Total income before deductions as reported for Federal income tax purposes must be adjusted as follows:
 - Add gross receipts or gross sales adjusted for gross profit (loss) reported for Federal income taxes;
 - (2) Add gross sales price from the disposition of assets adjusted for capital gain or loss or net gain or loss reported for Federal income taxes;
 - (3) Add interest on Federal, State, municipal and other obligations included in determining New Jersey net income, but not otherwise included in Federal total income;

- (4) Do not add any capital loss carry back or carry forward in computing total income.
- ii Income Unadjusted: For purposes of the 90% requirement above, taxpayer during the entire period covered by its report, must have derived 90% or more of its total income before deductions as reported for Federal income tax purposes from cash and/or investment type assets, plus interest on Federal, State municipal and other obligations not otherwise included in Federal taxable income and exclusive of any capital loss carry back or carry forward.
 - (1) A gain resulting from the disposition of an asset and reported on the installment basis for Federal income taxes is considered income for purposes of the investment company statute in the year in which the installment is received under both 3(a) i and ii above. Income reported on the installment basis is treated as investment type income only if it is generated by the sale of an investment type asset. Interest income received in conjunction with each installment is deemed investment type income.
- iii Deductions: For purposes of the 90% requirement above, taxpayer, during the entire period covered by its report, must have incurred 90% or more of its total deductions as reported for Federal income tax purposes for holding, investing and reinvesting in cash and/or investment type assets.
- (b) Assets test: For purposes of the 90% requirement provided by 1.(2) above, at least 90% of the taxpayer's gross assets located in New Jersey, valued at cost, must consist of cash and/or investment type assets, during the period covered by its report.
- The election to report as an investment company is effective only for the particular year covered by the return and if desired for a subsequent year must be renewed.
- 5. The minimum tax for an investment company is \$250.00.

SCHEDULE M REGULATED INVESTMENT COMPANIES AND REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUSTS

REGULATED INVESTMENT COMPANIES GENERAL INFORMATION (See Instruction 31)

١.	Is this taxpayer registered and regulated under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 (54 Stat. 789, as amended)?
	"Yes" or "No"
	If "Yes", give registration number and date of registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission:
	Reg No Date

IMPORTANT NOTE: If the taxpayer's certificate under the Act was not obtained prior to the commencement of the period covered in the return or if such authority was not continued during such entire period, then the taxpayer is not entitled to report as a Regulated Investment Company.

2.	Has the taxpayer satisfied the requirements of Chapter 1, Subchapte	اج
	M, Part I, Section 852(a) of the Federal Internal Revenue Code? "Yes	s'
	or "No" If "No", taxpayer is not entitled to report as	а
	Regulated Investment Company.	

- Every taxpayer seeking to report as a regulated investment company MUST SUBMIT WITH THIS RETURN ITS PRINTED ANNUAL REPORT TO STOCKHOLDERS for the period covered by this return together with all other stockholder reports issued by the company during such period.
- 4. The tax liability for a Regulated Investment Company is \$250.00 and should be reported on Line 9, page 1 of the return.

REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUSTS GENERAL INFORMATION (See Instruction 31)

1.	Is the taxpayer a corporation, unincorporated trust or unincorporated
	association which is qualified and has elected to be taxed as a rea
	estate investment trust under Federal law?

"Yes"	or	"No"	
-------	----	------	--

NAME AS SHOWN ON RET	URN						FEDERAL	ID NU	MBER	
SCHEDULE P	SUBSIDIARY	INVESTME	ENT ANALY	/SIS (See	e Instruc	tion 34)				
	ld at least 80% of the co	_								nber of shares of all other classe diaries in book value.
(1)			(2)	_		(3)			(4)
Name of	Subsidiary		Percentag Voting	je of Intere		ook Value ted in Sche	dule B	6)	Dividend Income (as reported in Schedule A)	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	110111	oung					,
									+	
									_	
									_	
									_	
Totals										
SCHEDULE P-1	PARTNERSH	IP INVESTI	MENT ANA	LYSIS (S	ee Instru	iction 35)				
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4		Tay Account		1 .	6)	(7)
Name of Part LLC, or Other Entity and		Date and State where	State where of		Limited General Partner Partner		Tax Accounting Method Flow Separate		Jersey xus	Tax Payments Made on Behal of Taxpayer by Partnerships
		Organized	Ownership			Through	Accounting	Yes	No	
Total Column 7										
SCHEDULE Q	QUALIFIED S	UBCHAPT	ER S SUB	SIDIARIE	s (QSSS	5)				
1. Does this corporation	n own any Qualified	Subchapter 9	Subsidiarie	s?					□ Yes	s □ No
If yes, list all the QS made a New Jersey						if necessary.	Separatel	y note	those	e subsidiaries who have
SCHEDULE R	DIVIDEND EX	CLUSION	(See Instru	ıction 36)						
Dividend income inc									1	
Less: Dividend Inco								-	2	
								\vdash		
3. Balance (line 1 less	IIII C ∠)								3	

4. 50% of line 3

FEDERAL ID NUMBER

SCHED	ULE S	PART I	DEPI	RECIATION	AND SAFE HAI	RBOR L	EASING (See Instruction	n 37)	
								 	
2 MAC	DC for a	acata placad i	in contino durin	a accounting	noriodo haginain	a on and	after July 7, 1993	2	
							•		
3. MAC	RS - for a	ssets placed i	in service durin	g accounting	periods beginnin	g prior to	July 7, 1993	. 3	
4. ACR	S							. 4	
5. Othe	r Deprecia	ation - for asse	sets placed in se	rvice after De	cember 31, 1980			. 5	
6. Othe	r Deprecia	ation - for asse	sets placed in se	rvice prior to	January 1, 1981			. 6	
7. Liste	d Property	/ - for assets p	placed in service	e during acco	unting periods beg	ginning or	and after July 7, 1993	. 7	
8. Liste	d Property	/ - for assets p	placed in service	e during acco	unting periods beg	ginning pr	or to July 7, 1993	. 8	
9. Total	depreciat	ion claimed in	n arriving at line	28, Schedule	Α			. 9	
	·		· ·		Attach Form 456				
		Adiı	iustments at Lin	e 32. Schedul	e A - Depreciation	and Cert	ain Safe Harbor Lease Trans	actions	
10. Addi	tions	.,	,	,	,				
(a) A	CRS and	MACRS from	n lines 3, 4, 5 ar	d 8 above		a.			
(b) D	istributive	share of ACR	RS and MACRS	from a partne	rship	b.			
(c) D	eductions	on Federal re	eturn resulting f	rom an electio	n made pursuant	to			
IF	RC Section	n 168(f)8 exclu	lusive of election	ns made with	respect to mass				
C	ommuting	vehicles.							
Ir	iterest			· · · · · · · -					
R	ent								
Α	mortizatio	n of Transaction	ional Costs	· · · · · · · -					
0	ther Dedu	ictions		<u> </u>		C.			
To	otal line 10	0 (lines a, b ar	and c)					10	
11. Ded u	uctions								
(a) N	ew Jersey	depreciation	n - (From Sched	ule S, Part II)		a.			
(b) R	ecompute	d depreciation	n attributable to	distributive sh	nare of recovery				
p	roperty fro	m a partnersh	hip (From Sche	dule S, Part II)	b.			
(c) A	ny income	included in the	the return with r	espect to prop	erty described at				
lir	ne 10(c) s	olely as a resu	sult of that electi	on		C.			
(d) T	he lessee/	/user should e	enter the amour	nt of depreciat	on which would ha	ave			
b	een allowa	able under the	e Internal Reve	nue Code at D	ecember 31, 1980) had			
th	ere been	no safe harbo	or lease election	n - (From Sch	edule S, Part II) .	d.			
(e) E	xcess of a	accumulated A	ACRS and MAC	RS over accu	mulated N.J.				
d	epreciation	n on physical	disposal of rec	overy property	(attach computati	ions) e.			
To	otal line 11	I (lines a, b, c	c, d and e)					. 11	
12. ADJ	USTMENT	r - (line 10 mir	inus line 11) Er	ter at line 32,	Schedule A			. 12	

NAME AS SHOWN ON RETURN FEDERAL ID NUMBER

SCHEDULE S - PART II N.J. Depreciation on Recovery Property Placed in Service On or After January 1, 1981 and Prior to Taxpayers Fiscal or Calendar Accounting Periods Beginning On and After July 7, 1993. (B) (A) (C) (D) (G) (F) Month, Day and Depreciation Method of N.J. depreciation Year placed in Description of Property Use Federal basis allowable in earlier figuring Life or rate computations service* depreciation vears * Year placed in service acceptable for personal property only. DO NOT USE "VARIOUS" IN ANY COLUMN. Class Life Asset Depreciation Range (CLADR) System Depreciation - Attach Computations Other depreciation (See instructions):

INSTRUCTIONS

- Column A Do not classify as 3, 5, 10 or 15 year property. Classify consistent with Internal Revenue Code at December 31, 1980.

 Account for distributive share of partnership property and deductions separately. Do not include certain safe harbor lease property.
- Column B Clearly segregate property placed in service during each year.

 Depreciation on personal property is to be computed using the half-year convention such that one half year depreciation is to be claimed to the exclusion of any other depreciation convention allowable under the Internal Revenue Code at December 31, 1980 for property placed in service during the current year.
- Column C Basis is to be determined at the date property is placed in service and not as provided under the Internal Revenue Code at December 31, 1980. It is not to be restated where ACRS was accepted for certain property placed in service during 1981
- Column D Depreciation allowable under the method adopted and

- consistently applied for property described. Do not adjust for the effect of any ACRS deducted on the New Jersey Corporation Business Tax Return for property placed in service during 1981.
- Column E Any method allowable under the Internal Revenue Code at December 31, 1980.
- Column F Any life or rate permissible under the Internal Revenue Code at December 31, 1980. (LIVES PERMISSIBLE UNDER THE IRS CODE AT DECEMBER 31, 1980 FREQUENTLY DIFFER FROM ACRS AND MACRS LIVES)
- Column G Consider any salvage value which was required to be considered under Internal Revenue Code at December 31, 1980. Do not claim depreciation in the year of disposal. Accumulated depreciation may not exceed accumulated ACRS and MACRS deductions over the life of the property and deductions for the final year or years are limited where ACRS was deducted on the New Jersey return for property placed in service during 1981.

FEDERAL ID NUMBER

SCI	HEDULE S - PART III NEW JERSEY DEPRECIATION FOR GAS, ELECTRIC, AND GAS AND ELECTRIC PUBLIC UTILITIES										
1.	Total depreciation claimed in arriving at Schedule A, line 28										
2.	P. Federal depreciation for assets placed in service after 1-1-98										
3.	. Net (Subtract line 2 from line 1)										
4.	New Jersey depreciation allowable on the Single Asset Account (Assets placed in service prior to 1-1-98)										
	(a) Total adjusted Federal depreciable basis as of 12-31-97 a.										
	(b) Excess book depreciable basis over Federal tax basis as of 12-31-97										
	(c) Less accumulated Federal basis for all Single Asset Account property sold, retired or disposed of to date										
	(d) Total (line 4a plus line 4b less line 4c)										
5.	New Jersey Depreciation (Divide line 4(d) by 30)										
6.	New Jersey Adjustment (Subtract line 5 from line 3) Carry to Schedule A, line 32 6.										
SCI	HEDULE S-1 MODIFICATION OF FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME FOR S CORPORATIONS THAT HAVE NOT ELECTED TO BE NEW JERSEY S CORPORATIONS (See Instruction 38)										
1.	Ordinary income (loss) from page 1 of form 1120S										
2.	Distributive income items not included in line 1:										
	(a) Net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss a										
	(b) Net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss b										
	(c) Other net gain (loss) under Section 1231										
	(d) Other Income. Explain on separate rider										
	TOTAL 2										
3.	Line 1 plus line 2										
4.	Distributive expense items not included in line 1:										
	(a) Expense deduction for recovery property under Section 179 . a										
	(b) Interest on investment indebtedness b										
	(c) Total foreign taxes paid or accrued c										
	(d) Other deductions. Explain on separate rider (See Instruction 38) d										
	TOTAL 4										
5.	Line 3 less line 4										
6.	Deductible contributions (limited to 10% of taxable income) 6.										
7.	Taxable income before net operating loss and special deductions (carry to Schedule A, line 28) 7.										

State of New Jersey Division of Taxation

CERTIFICATION OF INACTIVITY

he period beginning	, and ending , ,
tion Name	Federal ID Number
(NOTE: Attach this schedule to	the taxpayer's CBT-100 or CBT-100S, whichever is applicable)
	ed by the attached tax return, the above named taxpayer had n sets, and, additionally in the case of a New Jersey S corporation e any change in ownership.
business activities, no income, no ass	sets, and, additionally in the case of a New Jersey S corporation

INSTRUCTIONS

In lieu of completing the entire CBT-100 or CBT-100S tax return, an inactive corporation may complete this schedule along with Schedule CAR-100 and attach them to a completed page 1 of the appropriate Corporation Business Tax return in order to fulfill its filing obligations with the State of New Jersey. An inactive corporation is a corporation that, during the entire period covered by the tax return, did not conduct any business, did not have any income, receipts or expenses, did not own any assets, and, additionally for New Jersey S corporations, did not make any distributions and did not have any change in ownership.

This schedule along with Schedule CAR-100 must be completed and attached to page 1 of each Corporation Business Tax return filed annually by the taxpayer. Taxpayers must report the minimum tax liability, the installment payment (if applicable), and the annual report and/or registered agent change fees on page 1 of the Corporation Business Tax return and submit the balance due with the Form CBT-100-V, the Corporation Business Tax Payment Voucher. Schedule CAR-100 must be submitted in order to comply with the annual report filing requirements.

Schedule I, Schedule CAR-100 and page 1 of the Corporation Business Tax return must be signed by an officer of the corporation who is authorized to attest to the truth of the statements contained therein.

A MESSAGE TO THE TAXPAYER

The 2002 New Jersey Corporation Business Tax Return, Form CBT-100, and instructions are included in this packet. As indicated on the top of page 1 of the tax return, this form should be used only for accounting periods that **begin before January 1, 2002.** The Business Tax Reform Act, P.L. 2002, Chapter 40, approved July 2, 2002, resulted in substantial changes to the Corporation Business Tax Act, however, these changes affect accounting periods **beginning on and after January 1, 2002.** A revised CBT-100 tax packet will be issued reflecting these changes. As a reminder, the 2002 tax return should only be used for tax periods ending July 31, 2002 through June 30, 2003.

Please take note that the Annual Report, Schedule CAR-100, has been revised to a page size schedule that should be included with the Corporation Business Tax return filing. It is no longer used to remit the amount due on the tax return. The instructions for completing this schedule can be found on the reverse side of the form. The related Annual Report/Registered Agent Change Fees should be reported on line 20, page 1 of the CBT-100 tax return and included in the computation of the balance due or overpayment, whichever is applicable. If a balance due is computed, payment should be remitted with Form CBT-100-V, the payment voucher located inside the back cover of the packet. Additional information concerning the CBT-100-V can be found on the inside of the front cover.

Also, four new tax credits are included on this return: 1) the HMO Assistance Fund Tax Credit, 2) the Neighborhood Revitalization State Tax Credit, 3) the Effluent Equipment Tax Credit, and 4) the Economic Recovery Tax Credit. General information regarding these tax credits can be found in instruction 39.

If additional information is needed to complete this return, please contact the Division of Taxation's Customer Service Center at (609) 292-6400 or write to the Division of Taxation, Information and Publications Branch, PO Box 281, Trenton, NJ 08695-0281.

Robert K. Thompson Director

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STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DIVISION OF TAXATION

CORPORATION TAX

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CORPORATION BUSINESS TAX RETURN (Form CBT-100 - 2002)

SCHEDULE CHART

TAXPAYER MUST COMPLETE SCHEDULES INDICATED BY "X" FOR ITS RESPECTIVE CLASS

	SCHEDULES																		
CLASS OF TAXPAYER	A	A-2	A-3	В	C	C-1	E	F	Н	I	J	L	M	P	P-1	Q	R	S	S-1*
1. Non-Allocating	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X				X	X	X	X	X	X
2. Allocating	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X
3. Investment Company	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X		X	X	X	X	X	X
4. Regulated Investment Company													X						
5. Real Estate Investment Trust	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X				X		X		X	X	

^{*} Only S Corporations which have not elected to be New Jersey S Corporations are required to complete Schedule S-1.

NOTE: If applicable, Schedule N and Schedule O are available from the Division's Taxpayer Forms Service. Refer to the instructions on page 11.

1. COMPLETING AND MAILING RETURNS:

Please read all instructions carefully before completing returns.

- (a) Statutory references are to the New Jersey Statutes Annotated and indicate, unless otherwise designated, the section of the Corporation Business Tax Act, as amended and supplemented, on which the instruction is based. To obtain additional information or tax forms, follow the instructions on page 11.
- (b) Remove the preprinted name and address label from the back of the booklet and place it in the appropriate space provided on the return. If any information on this label is incorrect, make all necessary changes on the label. If no label is provided, print or type the Federal Employer Identification Number, New Jersey Corporation Number, Corporation Name and complete address and zip code in the space provided on the return.
- (c) Provide the remaining information requested on the top portion of the return. Enter the total gross receipts less returns and allowances in the space provided as reported on Schedule A, line 1. This information must be entered even if the taxpayer submits copies of Federal schedules in lieu of completing Schedule A. The principal business activity code should be taken from the taxpayer's Federal tax return. Be sure to provide the location of the corporate books as well as a contact person and telephone number.
- (d) Send the completed return to: State of New Jersey, Division of Taxation, Revenue Processing Center, PO Box 666, Trenton, NJ 08646-0666. Use the large preprinted envelope provided in this packet to mail the return.
- 2. (a) Unless the corporation is inactive for the entire period covered by the return, all schedules and questions must be answered unless permission to omit or substitute is indicated on the return form. All applicable schedules must be submitted on the official New Jersey tax form or an exact reproduction thereof. If the answer to any item is "No" or "None", write "No" or "None". Do not merely leave the item blank.

- (b) Inactive corporations that, during the period covered by the return, did not conduct any business, did not have any income, receipts or expenses, and did not own any assets, need only submit a completed page 1 of the return and Schedule CAR-100 along with Schedule I, Certification of Inactivity. Payment for the related minimum tax liability, the installment payment (if applicable) and the annual report and/or registered agent change fees must be submitted with Form CBT-100-V. Refer to instruction 25.
- **3. (a) 2002 ACCOUNTING PERIODS AND DUE DATES:** This 2002 Corporation Business Tax Return should only be used for accounting periods beginning before January 1, 2002.

The due date of the return is the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the end of the fiscal period. If the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday or State holiday, the due date is the following business day.

Calendar or fiscal accounting year is the same accounting period upon which the taxpayer is required to report to the United States Treasury Department for Federal Income Tax purposes. Please note the ending month of the accounting period for Federal returns and New Jersey returns must match, however, the tax return year for the Federal and State returns may differ. (i.e. A taxable year ending 8/31/02 may be filed on a 2001 Federal 1120; the same taxable year must be filed on a 2002 NJ CBT-100.) All accounting periods must end on the last day of the month, except that taxpayers may use the same 52-53 week accounting year that is used for Federal Income Tax purposes, see N.J.A.C. 18:7-2.3.

Do not alter the year appearing in the upper left hand corner of the taxable year caption on page 1 of the CBT-100. Changing the above information will delay the processing of your return. If returns are required for a different year, please refer to the forms ordering instructions on page 11 of this booklet.

(b) NEW CORPORATIONS:

- (1) Every New Jersey corporation acquires a taxable status beginning 1) on the date of its incorporation, or 2) on the first day of the month following its incorporation if so stated in its certificate of incorporation. Every corporation which incorporates, qualifies or otherwise acquires a taxable status in New Jersey must file a Corporation Business Tax Return. A tax return must be filed for each fiscal period, or part thereof, beginning on the date the corporation acquired a taxable status in New Jersey regardless of whether it had any assets or conducted any business activities. No return may cover a period exceeding twelve (12) months, even by a day.
- (2) Every corporation that elects to be a New Jersey S Corporation must file a "New Jersey S Corporation or New Jersey QSSS Election" (Form CBT-2553) within one calendar month subsequent to the Federal S Corporation filing requirement.
- (3) Every corporation which incorporates, qualifies or otherwise acquires a taxable status in New Jersey and which has adopted a fiscal year other than December 31, shall advise the Division of Taxation promptly of the date of such accounting period. If no such advice is received on or before April 15, 2003, the taxpayer will be deemed "delinquent" if no return is filed on or before April 15, 2003.
- (c) TRANSACTING BUSINESS WITHOUT A CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY: In addition to any other liabilities imposed by law, a foreign corporation which transacts business in this State without a certificate of authority shall forfeit to the State a penalty of not less than \$200.00, nor more than \$1,000.00 for each calendar year, not more than 5 years prior thereto, in which it shall have transacted business in this State without a certificate of authority. N.J.S.A. 14A:13-11(3).
- 4. (a) PAYMENT OF TAX: Make remittance payable to "State of New Jersey CBT" and forward with the payment voucher, Form CBT-100-V, provided in this packet. MAKE OUT A SEPARATE REMITTANCE FOR EACH TAX RETURN (CBT-100) OR ESTIMATED PAYMENT VOUCHER (CBT-150) SUBMITTED. Do not remit the tax for two or more returns in one check. Indicate the taxpayer's Federal Employer Identification Number on each remittance.
 - (b) All corporations are required to make installment payments of estimated tax. Generally, these payments are remitted with the form CBT-150. Refer to instruction 40 for further information.
 - (c) Payments received will be first used to satisfy the required annual report fee(s).
- 5. ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFERS: The Division of Revenue has established procedures to allow the remittance of tax payments through Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT). Taxpayers with a prior year's liability of \$20,000 or more in any one tax are required to remit all tax payments using EFT. If you have any questions concerning the EFT program, call (609) 984-9830 or write to N.J. Division of Revenue, EFT Section, PO Box 191, Trenton, NJ 08646-0191.
- 6. PERSONAL LIABILITY OF OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS: Any officer or director of any corporation who shall distribute or cause to be distributed any assets in dissolution or liquidation to the stockholders without having first paid all corporation franchise taxes, fees, penalties and interest imposed upon said corporation, in accordance with N.J.S.A. 14A:6-12, N.J.S.A. 54:50-18 and other applicable provisions of law, shall be personally liable for said unpaid taxes, fees, penalties and interest. Compliance with N.J.S.A. 54:50-13 is also required in the case of certain mergers, consolidations and dissolutions.

7. EXTENSION OF TIME TO FILE RETURN:

(a) The Division of Taxation will grant an automatic extension of six (6) months for filing the final Corporation Business Tax Return,

- except for banking and financial business corporations where extensions are limited to five (5) months. No extensions will be granted unless requested on tentative return form CBT-200-T which must be postmarked on or before the original due date for filing the return. The Tentative Return must show the full name, address, Federal Employer Identification Number, N.J. Corporation Number, the tax liability, and must be submitted with payment for the total amount due. A CBT-200-T voucher is included in this packet.
- (b) In general, the extended period may not exceed six (6) months from the original due date of the return.
- (c) Installment Payment Any taxpayer with a tax liability of less than \$500 on line 1 of the CBT-200-T, may make a payment of 50 percent of line 1 in lieu of making the installment payments otherwise required. Taxpayers who report a tax liability of \$500 or more on line 1 should not make an entry on line 2 and are required to make installment payments as indicated in instruction 40.

(d) PENALTIES AND INTEREST

- (1) Interest The annual interest rate is 3% above the average predominant prime rate. Interest is imposed each month or fraction thereof on the unpaid balance of tax from the original due date to the date of payment. At the end of each calendar year, any tax, penalties and interest remaining due will become part of the balance on which interest will be charged. The interest rates assessed by the Division of Taxation are published in the quarterly issues of the *New Jersey State Tax News*. To obtain a copy, refer to the instructions on page 11.
 - **NOTE:** The average predominant prime rate is the rate as determined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, quoted by commercial banks to large businesses on December 1st of the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year in which payment was due or as redetermined by the Director in accordance with N.J.S.A. 54:48-2.
- (2) Insufficiency Penalty If the amount paid with the Tentative Return, Form CBT-200-T, is less than 90% of the tax liability computed on Form CBT-100, or in the case of a taxpayer whose preceding return covered a full 12 month period, is less than the amount of the tax computed at the rates applicable to the current accounting year but on the basis of the facts shown and the law applicable to the preceding accounting year, the taxpayer may be liable for a penalty of 5% per month or fraction thereof not to exceed 25% of the amount of underpayment from the original due date to the date of actual payment.
- 8. (a) CONSOLIDATED RETURNS NOT PERMITTED: A corporation which is included in a consolidated Federal Income Tax Return must complete all schedules on its own separate basis and attach a copy of the Affiliations Schedule, Form 851, which it filed with Form 1120 for Federal Income Tax purposes.
 - (b) **FEDERAL S CORPORATIONS:** Federal S Corporations which have not elected to be New Jersey S Corporations must complete this return as though no election had been made under Section 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code. Schedule S-1 must be completed and a copy of form 1120S as filed must be submitted in lieu of completing lines 1 through 27 on Schedule A of the CBT-100. New Jersey S Corporations must file the New Jersey S Corporation Business Tax Return, Form CBT-100S.
 - (c) DOMESTIC INTERNATIONAL SALES CORPO-RATIONS (DISC's): A Domestic International Sales Corporation must complete this return as though no election had been made under Sections 992-999 of the Internal Revenue Code. A DISC must complete all applicable schedules on the return.

- (d) FOREIGN SALES CORPORATIONS (FSC's): A foreign sales corporation must complete this return as though no election had been made under Sections 922-927 of the Internal Revenue Code. An FSC must complete all applicable schedules on the return. Under Section 5, P.L. 106-519, no corporation may elect to be an FSC after September 30, 2000.
- (e) FINANCIAL BUSINESS CORPORATIONS: Corporations which qualify as financial businesses, those which derive 75% of their gross income from the financial activities enumerated at N.J.A.C. 18:7-1.16(a)1 through (a)7, must file the New Jersey Corporation Business Tax Return for Banking and Financial Business, Form BFC-1. This form and related information may be obtained from the Division of Taxation, Special Audit Section, PO Box 271, Trenton, NJ 08695-0271 or by calling (609) 292-5300.
- **9. ACCOUNTING METHOD:** The return must be completed using the same method of accounting, cash, accrual or other, that was employed in the taxpayer's Federal Income Tax Return.
- 10. RIDERS: Where space is insufficient, attach riders in the same form as the original printed sheets. Write on only one side of each sheet

11. TAX RATES:

- (a) For taxpayers with Entire Net Income (Page 1, line 1) of \$100,000 or less, the tax rate is 7.5% (.075) on adjusted entire net income or such portion thereof as may be allocable to New Jersey. For all other taxpayers, the rate is 9% (.09). Tax periods of less than 12 months qualify for the 7.5% rate if the prorated entire net income does not exceed \$8,333 per month.
- (b) INVESTMENT COMPANIES AND REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUSTS: The tax payable by Investment Companies and Real Estate Investment Trusts shall be computed at the rates stated in (a) above. The minimum tax is \$250.
- (c) **REGULATED INVESTMENT COMPANY:** The tax payable by a qualified Regulated Investment Company is \$250.00.
- (d) MINIMUM TAX: For tax periods beginning before January 1, 2002, the minimum tax requirement is \$200 for both domestic and foreign corporations. The minimum tax cannot be prorated. Zero (0) returns are not permitted.
- 12. WHO MAY BE SUBJECT TO TAX: Any domestic or foreign corporation, joint-stock company or association and any business conducted by a trustee or trustees wherein interest or ownership is evidenced by a certificate of interest or ownership or similar written instrument is subject to tax. This includes limited partnership associations organized pursuant to N.J.S.A. 42:3-1 et seq. and foreign limited partnership associations. No new limited partnership associations shall be formed in New Jersey after September 21, 1988.

In general, limited liability companies are required to file for New Jersey purposes in the same manner that they report for Federal purposes.

13. CORPORATIONS REQUIRED TO FILE THIS RETURN:

- (a) In general, every corporation existing under the laws of the State of New Jersey; and
- (b) Every foreign corporation which (1) holds a general certificate of authority to do business in this State issued by the Secretary of State; or (2) holds a certificate, license or other authorization issued by any other department or agency of this State, authorizing the company to engage in corporate activity within this State; or (3) does business in this State; or (4) employs or owns capital within this State; or (5) employs or owns property in this State; or (6) maintains an office in this State, is required to file a return. A foreign corporation that is a general partner of a New Jersey partnership is deemed doing business in the state and must file a return.
- (c) Foreign corporations that meet the filing requirements and

- whose income is immune from tax pursuant to Public Law 86-272, 15 U.S.C. § 381 et seq., must obtain and complete Schedule N, Nexus Immune Activity Declaration, and remit the minimum tax with the CBT-100. Refer to instruction 32.
- 14. SIGNATURE: Each return must be signed by an officer of the corporation who is authorized to attest to the truth of the statements contained therein. The fact that an individual's name is signed on the return shall be prima facie evidence that such individual is authorized to sign the return on behalf of the corporation. Tax preparers who fail to sign the return or provide their assigned tax identification number shall be liable for a \$25.00 penalty for each such failure. If the tax preparer is not self-employed, the name of the tax preparer's employer and the employer's tax identification number should also be provided. In the case of a corporation in liquidation or in the hands of a receiver or trustee, certification shall be made by the person responsible for the conduct of the affairs of such corporation.
- **15. FINAL DETERMINATION OF NET INCOME BY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT:** Any change or correction made by the Internal Revenue Service to the Federal taxable income must be reported to the Division within ninety (90) days. Changes for tax years ending prior to July 31, 1989, must be reported on the form IRA-100. Form CBT-100-X can be used to amend CBT-100 returns through tax periods ended on or before June 30, 1994. To amend CBT-100 returns for subsequent tax periods, use the CBT-100 form for the appropriate tax year and write "AMENDED RETURN" clearly on the front page of the form. Refer to instruction 1 for the mailing address
 - **FEDERAL/STATE TAX AGREEMENT:** The New Jersey Division of Taxation and the Internal Revenue Service participate in a Federal/State program for the mutual exchange of tax information to verify the accuracy and consistency of information reported on Federal and New Jersey tax returns.
- **16. SCHEDULE A COMPUTATION OF ENTIRE NET INCOME:** Every taxpayer must complete this schedule on the form provided. In lieu of completing lines 1 to 28, taxpayers (except for Former DISC's, Interest Charge DISC's, Federal S Corporations or Foreign Sales Corporations) may submit a copy of the corresponding Federal Income Tax return. See Instruction 26. For New Jersey tax purposes, each such corporation will be taxed on the basis of its entire net income in the same manner and to the same extent as if no Federal income tax election were permissible or had been made. Refer to instruction 8.

(a) GENERAL - LINES 1 THROUGH 38:

- (1) Where the corporation has filed a Federal Income Tax Return on its own separate basis, the figures shown at lines 1 to 28 must be the same as lines 1 to 28 on page 1 of the Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1120.
- (2) Where the corporation has not filed a separate Federal Income Tax Return, or where the figures shown at lines 1 to 28 are not the same as lines 1 to 28 on page 1 of the Federal Income Tax Return, taxpayer must explain and reconcile the differences on a rider.
- (3) **CONSOLIDATED RETURNS NOT PERMITTED:** A corporation which is included in a consolidated Federal Income Tax Return must complete lines 1 to 38 on its own separate basis without consolidation with any other corporation. Refer to instruction 8(a).
- (b) Lines 8 and 9: Add a rider or schedules showing the same information shown on Federal Form 1120, Schedule D and/or Form 4797.
- (c) Line 28: This amount must agree with line 28, page 1 of the taxpayer's unconsolidated Federal Form 1120 or the appropriate line from the Federal Forms 1120-IC-DISC, 1120-FSC or 1120-A whichever is applicable. 1120-S filers which have not elected to be New Jersey S Corporations must report the amount from line 7, Schedule S-1 of the CBT-100.

- (d) Line 29: Include any interest income that was not taxable for Federal Income Tax purposes, and was not included in total income reported on line 28, Schedule A.
- (e) Line 30: Enter the total environmental taxes paid or accrued to the United States taken as a deduction in Schedule A and reflected in line 28.
- (f) Line 31: Enter the total taxes paid or accrued to the United States, a possession or territory of the United States, a state, a political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, on or measured by profits or income, business presence or business activity, or any sales and use tax paid by a utility vendor, taken as a deduction in Schedule A and reflected in line 28. Refer to instruction 24.
- (g) Line 32: Enter the depreciation and other adjustments from Schedule S. (Refer to instruction 37).
- (h) Line 33(a): DEDUCTION FOR FOREIGN TAXES PAID, WITHHELD, OR DEEMED PAID: Taxes actually paid to or withheld by a foreign country and claimed as a credit on the Federal Income Tax Return may be deducted only to the extent that the related income is included in entire net income on line 38. Any such taxes appearing as a deduction in arriving at line 28, entire net income before special deductions or net operating loss deduction, on the Federal Income Tax Return must be adjusted to the extent that they relate to dividends excluded from line 38. Attach a copy of the Federal Foreign Tax Credit Form 1118.

The portion of any Section 78 gross-up included in dividend income on line 4, Schedule A that is not excluded from entire net income on line 38, may be treated as a deduction for foreign taxes

- Lines 33(b) and (c): Use these lines to report amounts of (1) adjustments not otherwise specifically provided for and (2) gross income, less deductions and expenses in connection therewith, from sources outside the United States, not included in Federal taxable income. Attach separate riders explaining fully such items.
- **Line 33 (d):** Enter the net effect of the elimination of nonoperational activity or non-unitary partnership income and expenses from Schedule O, Part I, line 36.
- (i) Line 35: A net operating loss for a taxable year may be carried forward as a net operating loss deduction to a succeeding year. A net operating loss is the excess of allowable deductions over gross income used in computing entire net income. Neither a net operating loss deduction nor the dividend exclusion is an allowable deduction in computing a net operating loss. The statute authorizes a carryover of the deduction for seven years. Schedule A-1 must be completed if the net operating loss deduction is taken. Refer to instruction 17.
- (j) Line 37: Dividends from all sources must be included in Schedule A. However, an exclusion from entire net income for certain dividend income may be taken as indicated in Schedule R. Taxpayer may not include money market fund income as part of the dividend exclusion. The amount of the dividend exclusion allowed to be taken as a deduction is limited to the amount of income reported on line 36 of Schedule A for that tax year.
- (k) RIGHT OF DIRECTOR TO CORRECT DISTORTIONS OF NET INCOME: The Director is authorized to adjust and redetermine items of gross receipts and expenses as may be necessary to make a fair and reasonable determination of tax payable under the Corporation Business Tax Act. For details regarding the conditions under which this authority may be exercised, refer to regulation N.J.A.C. 18:7-5.10.
- 17. SCHEDULE A-1 NET OPERATING LOSS DEDUCTION AND CARRYOVER: Complete this schedule only if a net operating loss has been carried forward from a previous tax year and

- claimed as a deduction on the current year's return. Use lines 1 through 7, columns 1 through 4 to compute the net operating loss from a previous tax year or years. Determine the amount of the net operating loss by adding back to the income/loss reported on Schedule A, line 28, all New Jersey adjustments except for the dividend exclusion for that tax year. The amount of a net operating loss allowed to be taken as a deduction in the current tax year is limited to the amount of income reported on line 34 of Schedule A for that tax year. Use lines 8 through 14 in columns 1 and 4 to report for each year a net operating loss deduction is taken, the amount of the previous year's net operating loss used to offset entire net income before the dividend exclusion. The net amount reported on line 15 represents the unused net operating loss carryover available for future use. If space is insufficient due to the filing of more than one tax return for the same tax year, attach a rider to report the required information.
- **18. SCHEDULE A-2 COST OF GOODS SOLD:** The amounts reported on this schedule must be the same as the amounts reported on the taxpayer's Federal income tax return.
- 19. SCHEDULE A-3 SUMMARY OF TAX CREDITS: This schedule must be completed if one or more tax credits are claimed for the current tax period. The total on line 14 must equal the amount reported on page 1, line 12. Refer to instruction 39 for tax credit information.
- 20. SCHEDULE B BALANCE SHEET: Every taxpayer must complete this schedule. The amounts reported must be the same as the year end figures shown on the taxpayer's books. A taxpayer that is included in a consolidated Federal income tax return must complete this schedule on its own separate basis.
- 21. SCHEDULE C RECONCILIATION OF INCOME PER BOOKS WITH INCOME PER RETURN AND SCHEDULE C-1-ANALYSIS OF UNAPPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS PER BOOKS:
 - (a) Every corporation must complete these schedules or submit legible copies of Schedules M-1 and M-2 from their unconsolidated Federal Form 1120. For requirements relating to reproduction of Federal tax schedules, see instruction 26.
 - (b) Line 8 of Schedule M-2 must correspond with the unappropriated retained earnings reported for the end of the tax year on Schedule B.
- **22. SCHEDULE E GENERAL INFORMATION:** All taxpayers must answer all questions on this schedule. In addition, riders must be submitted where necessary in answering the questions.
- 23. SCHEDULE F CORPORATE OFFICERS GENERAL INFORMATION AND COMPENSATION: All applicable information should be provided for each corporate officer regardless of whether or not compensation was received.
- **24. SCHEDULE H TAXES:** Itemize all taxes which were in any way deducted in arriving at taxable net income, whether reflected at line 2 (Cost of goods sold and/or operations), line 17 (Taxes), line 26 (Other deductions) or anywhere else on Schedule A. Also refer to instruction 16(f).
- 25. SCHEDULE I CERTIFICATION OF INACTIVITY: In lieu of completing the entire tax return, an inactive corporation may complete this schedule along with Schedule CAR-100 and attach them to a completed page 1 of the tax return. Payment for the related minimum tax, the installment payment (if applicable) and the annual report and/or registered agent change fees must be submitted with Form CBT-100-V. An inactive corporation is a corporation that, during the entire period covered by the tax return, did not conduct any business, did not have any income, receipts or expenses, and did not own any assets.

26. OPTIONAL COPIES OF SCHEDULES A, C, AND C-1: Any taxpayer that files an unconsolidated Federal Form 1120 with the Internal Revenue Service may submit copies of page 1 and Schedules M-1 and M-2 of that return in lieu of completing lines 1 to 28 of Schedule A and Schedules C and C-1 of the CBT-100. Such copies or reproductions must be facsimiles of the complete schedules, they must be of good legibility and on paper of substantially the same weight and texture, and of a quality at least as good as that used in the official form, CBT-100. They must also be of the same size as that of the official schedules, both as to the overall dimensions of the paper and the image reproduced thereon.

Separate pages must be fastened together in proper order and must be attached to the return form. The taxpayer's full name and identifying number must be typed or printed on each reproduced page or copy.

- 27. SCHEDULE J PART I GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS REGARDING ALLOCATION OF ADJUSTED ENTIRE NET INCOME:
 - (a) WHO IS PERMITTED TO ALLOCATE: No domestic or foreign corporation is permitted to allocate less than 100% of its adjusted entire net income to New Jersey, unless, during the period covered by the return, it actually maintained a regular place of business outside of New Jersey other than a statutory office.
 - (b) **DEFINITION OF REGULAR PLACE OF BUSINESS:** A "regular place of business" is any bona fide office (other than a statutory office), factory, warehouse, or other space of the taxpayer which is regularly **MAINTAINED**, **OCCUPIED** and **USED** by the taxpayer in carrying on its business and in which one or more regular employees are in attendance. To maintain a place of business, the taxpayer must either own or rent the premises. That cost must be borne directly by the taxpayer and not by some related entity or person.
 - (c) ALLOCATION PERCENTAGES: In computing the allocation factor in Schedule J, division must be carried to six decimal places, e.g., .123456.
 - (d) **ELECTION TO ALLOCATE:** If the taxpayer is entitled to allocate, the election should be made with the filing of the Corporation Business Tax return regardless of the amount of income reported on line 38 of Schedule A. Schedule J must be completed to validate the election.
 - (e) Only the receipts, property and payroll expenses attributable to operational activity are to be used in computing the allocation factor denominators.
- 28. SCHEDULE J PART II AVERAGE VALUES: Average value is generally computed on a quarterly basis where the taxpayer's accounting practice permits such computation. At the option of the taxpayer or the State, a more frequent basis (monthly, weekly or daily) may be used. Where the taxpayer's accounting practice does not permit computation of average value on a quarterly or more frequent basis, semi-annual or annual frequency may be used only where no distortion of average value results. If any basis other than quarterly is used, state the basis and reasons for use thereof on a rider

The average values of real and tangible personal property owned which are used in determining the property fraction of the allocation factor are based on book value. The numerator and denominator must take into account accumulated depreciation deferred for net income purposes where the taxpayer accounts for its property on its books on a Federal income tax basis. Rented or leased property is valued at eight times its annual rent, including any amounts (such as taxes) paid or accrued in addition to or in lieu of rent during the period covered by the return. All other property which is used by

the taxpayer but is neither owned, rented or leased, should be valued at book value, however, if no such book value exists, the market value of the property should be used.

- **29. SCHEDULE J PART III COMPUTATION OF ALLOCATION FACTOR:** This schedule may be omitted if the taxpayer does not maintain a regular place of business outside this State other than a statutory office, in which case the tax law requires the allocation factor to be 100%.
 - (a) However, if the allocation factor is 100% but the taxpayer in fact pays tax to another state based on or measured by income which is included on Schedule A of this return, it may compute a reduction in its N.J. Corporation Business Tax under certain conditions. Refer to N.J.A.C. 18:7-8.3 for eligibility and the method of computing such reduction. A copy of this regulation can be obtained from Taxpayer Forms Services, which can be contacted by following the instructions on page 11.
 - (b) Line 1 PROPERTY FRACTION: For general information regarding method of valuation in arriving at average values, see instruction 28. Tangible personal property is within New Jersey if and so long as it is physically situated or located here. Property of the taxpayer held in New Jersey by an agent, consignee or factor is (and property held outside New Jersey by an agent, consignee or factor is not) situated or located within New Jersey. Property, while in transit from a point outside New Jersey to a point in New Jersey or vice versa does not have a fixed situs either within or outside the State and, therefore, will not be deemed to be "situated" or "located" either within or outside New Jersey and accordingly the average value of such property should be omitted from both the numerator and the denominator of the property fraction. Ships, aircraft, satellites used in the communications industry, and other mobile or movable property are subject to the specific rules defined in N.J.A.C. 18:7-8.4.
 - (c) Line 2(a) RECEIPTS FRACTION: Receipts from sales of tangible personal property are allocated to New Jersey where the goods are shipped to points within New Jersey.

Receipts from the sale of goods are allocable to New Jersey if shipped to a New Jersey or a non-New Jersey customer where possession is transferred in New Jersey. Receipts from the sale of goods shipped to a taxpayer from outside of New Jersey to a New Jersey customer by a common carrier are allocable to New Jersey. Receipts from the sale of goods shipped from outside of New Jersey to a New Jersey location where the goods are picked up by a common carrier and transported to a customer outside of New Jersey are not allocable to New Jersey.

Receipts from the following are allocable to New Jersey; services performed in New Jersey; rentals from property situated in New Jersey; royalties from the use in New Jersey of patents or copyrights; all other business receipts earned in New Jersey.

- (d) Lines 2(e) and 2(g)
 - (1) RECEIPTS FROM SALES OF CAPITAL ASSETS: Receipts from sales of capital assets (property not held by the taxpayer for sale to customers in the regular course of business), either within or outside New Jersey, should be included in the numerator and the denominator based upon the net gain recognized and not upon gross selling prices. Where the taxpayer's business is the buying and selling of real estate or the buying and selling of securities for trading purposes, gross receipts from the sale of such assets should be included in the numerator and the denominator of the receipts fraction.
 - (2) **DIVIDEND INCOME:** The amount of dividends excluded

from entire net income at line 38, Schedule A, must not be included in the numerator or denominator of the receipts fraction.

- (e) Lines 2(h) and 2(i) The percentage of receipts in New Jersey should be entered on both lines 2(h) and 2(i) to effect a doubleweighted receipts fraction in the computation of the allocation factor.
- (f) Line 3 PAYROLL FRACTION: In general, a taxpayer reporting to the Division of Employment Security in the New Jersey Department of Labor will allocate to New Jersey all wages, salaries and other personal service compensation, etc., reportable to that Division, including the portions thereof, in individual cases, in excess of taxable wages. All executive salaries are includible in both the numerator and denominator. See N.J.S.A. 54:10A-7 for the definition of wages, salaries and other personal services compensation allocable to New Jersey.
- (g) ALLOCATION FACTOR GENERAL: The allocation factor is computed by adding together the percentages shown at lines 1(c), 2(h), 2(i) and 3(c) of Schedule J, Part III for the period covered by the return, and dividing the total of the percentages by four (4). However, if the property or payroll fraction is missing, the remaining percentages are added and the sum is divided by three. If the receipts fraction is missing, the other two percentages are added and the sum is divided by two. If two of the fractions are missing, the remaining percentage may be used as the allocation factor. A fraction is not missing merely because its numerator is zero, but is missing if its denominator is zero.

If there is a declaration of nonoperational income, expenses, or assets from Schedule O, those items attributable to the non-operational activity should be excluded from the denominator of all three fractions of the allocation factor.

30. SCHEDULE L-INVESTMENT COMPANIES:

- (a) Every taxpayer electing to report as an Investment Company must meet the qualifications contained in this schedule. See instruction 31 and Schedule M for Regulated Investment Companies.
- (b) ELECTION TO REPORT AS AN INVESTMENT COMPANY: The election is effective only for the particular year covered by the return.
- 31. SCHEDULE M REGULATED INVESTMENT COMPANIES REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUSTS GENERAL INFORMATION: This schedule must be completed by every taxpayer electing to report as a Regulated Investment Company or a Real Estate Investment Trust. The election is effective only for the particular year covered by the return.
 - NOTE: A Regulated Investment Company need only complete Schedule M, Schedule CAR-100 and Page 1 of the return.
- **32. SCHEDULE N NEXUS IMMUNE ACTIVITY DECLA-RATION:** Foreign corporations that claim their income is immune from taxation pursuant to Public Law 86-272, 15 U.S.C. §381 et seq., must complete Schedule N and file it with the CBT-100. This schedule may be obtained from Taxpayer Forms Services, which can be contacted by following the instructions on page 11.
- **33. SCHEDULE**O NONOPERATIONAL ACTIVITY:
 Corporations that claim to have nonoperational activity, nonoperational assets or non-unitary partnership investments must complete Schedule O and file it with the CBT-100. This schedule may be obtained from Taxpayer Forms Services, which can be contacted by following the instructions on page 11.
- 34. SCHEDULE P SUBSIDIARY INVESTMENT ANALYSIS:

Itemize the investment in each subsidiary company, showing the name of each subsidiary, the percentage of interest held in each company, the individual book value included in the balance sheet for each subsidiary investment and the amount of dividends received from each subsidiary which is included in gross income on Schedule A. Do not include advances or other receivables due to subsidiaries in the book value reported at Column 3.

- 35. SCHEDULE P-1 PARTNERSHIP INVESTMENT ANALYSIS: Itemize the investment in each partnership, limited liability company and any other entity which is treated for Federal tax purposes as a partnership. List the name, the Federal Identification Number, and the date and state where organized for each partnership. Also, check the type of ownership (general or limited), the tax accounting method used to reflect your share of partnership activity on this return (flow through method or separate accounting) and whether or not the partnership has nexus in New Jersey. Itemize in Column 7 the amount of tax payments made on behalf of the taxpayer by partnership entities. Carry the total amount of taxes paid on behalf of taxpayer to page 1, line 16(a). Attach a copy of schedule NJ-K-1 from form NJ-1065 if the partnership is filing in New Jersey, or the Federal Schedule K-1 if not. Any one member limited liability company should be included on this schedule. Corporations who claim that their partnership investments are non-unitary and therefore are utilizing the Separate Tax Accounting Method must complete Schedule O to report this activity and compute the appropriate amount of tax.
- **36. SCHEDULE R DIVIDEND EXCLUSION:** Taxpayers may exclude from entire net income 100% of dividends from qualified subsidiaries, if such dividends were included in the taxpayer's gross income on Schedule A. A qualified subsidiary is defined as ownership by the taxpayer of at least 80% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote and at least 80% of the total number of shares of all other classes of stock, except non-voting stock which is limited and preferred as to dividends. With respect to other dividends, the exclusion shall be limited to 50% of such dividends included in the taxpayer's gross income on Schedule A. Taxpayers shall not include money market fund income as part of the dividend exclusion. Refer to instruction 16(j).
- **37. SCHEDULE S DEPRECIATION AND SAFE HARBOR LEASING:** All taxpayers except for gas, electric and gas and electric utilities (who must complete Schedule S, Part III), must complete this schedule and must submit a copy of a completed Federal Depreciation Schedule, Form 4562 even if it is not required for Federal purposes. Schedule S provides for adjustments to depreciation and certain safe harbor leasing transactions.

SCHEDULE S - PART I

Line 10 Additions:

- (a) Add any depreciation or cost recovery (ACRS and MACRS) which was deducted in arriving at Federal taxable income on recovery property placed in service on or after January 1, 1981 and prior to taxpayers' accounting periods beginning on and after July 7, 1993.
- (b) Add distributive share of ACRS and MACRS from a partnership.
- (c) Add any interest, amortization or transactional costs, rent, or any other deduction which was claimed in arriving at Federal taxable income as a result of a "safe harbor leasing" election made under Section 168(f)(8) of the Federal Internal Revenue Code; provided, however, any such amount with respect to a qualified mass commuting vehicle pursuant to the Federal Internal Revenue Code Section 168(f)(8)(D)(v) need not be added back to net income.

Line 11 Deductions:

- (a) Deduct depreciation on property placed in service after 1980 and prior to taxpayers' fiscal or calendar accounting periods beginning on and after July 7, 1993, on which ACRS and MACRS has been disallowed under 10(a) of this instruction using any method, life and salvage value which would have been allowable under the Federal Internal Revenue Code at December 31, 1980, but using the Federal basis for depreciation on the date the property was placed in service.
- (b) Deduct recomputed depreciation attributable to distributive share of recovery property from a partnership.
- (c) Deduct any item of income included in arriving at Federal taxable income solely as a result of a "safe harbor leasing" election made under Section 168(f)(8) of the Federal Internal Revenue Code provided, however, that any such income which relates to a qualified mass commuting vehicle pursuant to Federal Internal Revenue Code Section 168(f)(8)(D)(v) cannot be deducted from net income.
- (d) Where the user/lessee of qualified lease property which is precluded from claiming a deduction for rent under 10(c) of this instruction would have been entitled to cost recovery on property which is subject to such "safe harbor lease" election in the absence of that election, it may claim depreciation on the property in accordance with 11(a) of this instruction.
- (e) Gain or loss on property sold or exchanged is the amount properly to be recognized in the determination of Federal taxable income. However, on the physical disposal of recovery property, whether or not a gain or loss is properly to be recognized under the Federal Internal Revenue Code, there shall be allowed as a deduction any excess, or there must be restored as an item of income, any deficiency of depreciation disallowed at line 10(a) over related depreciation claimed on that property at line 11(a). A statutory merger or consolidation shall not constitute a disposal of recovery property.

NOTE: Uncoupling is not required for property placed into service during accounting periods beginning on or after July 7, 1993

SCHEDULE S - PART III

All gas, electric, and gas and electric utilities must complete this schedule in order to compute their New Jersey depreciation allowable for the single asset account which is comprised of all depreciable property placed in service prior to January 1, 1998. The basis of this asset account will be the total Federal depreciable basis as of December 31, 1997, plus the excess of the book depreciable basis over the Federal tax basis as of December 31, 1997. This basis will be reduced yearly by the Federal basis of these assets sold, retired or disposed of from January 1, 1998 to date.

38. SCHEDULE S-1 - MODIFICATION OF FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME FOR S CORPORATIONS: This schedule must be completed by S Corporations which have not elected to be New Jersey S Corporations to modify the Federal income (loss) reported on form 1120S to a C Corporation basis. Certain items of income and expense which pass through to the individual shareholders on the Federal Schedule K must be reported on Schedule S-1. A copy of form 1120S, including Schedule K, must be submitted with the CBT-100. Complete this schedule in lieu of completing lines 1 through 27 on Schedule A.

Distributive income items are to be reported on lines 2(a) through (d) and distributive expense items are to be reported on lines 4(a) through (d). Deductible contributions are limited to 10% of taxable income for New Jersey purposes and should be computed without regard to the amount of contributions deducted for Federal purposes. Use lines 2(d) and 4(d) to report amounts of income and deductions

not otherwise specifically provided for. Attach riders explaining fully such items.

39. TAX CREDITS: (Refer to instruction 19)

(a) HMO ASSISTANCE FUND TAX CREDIT: A member organization may offset against its corporation business tax liability an amount of not more than 10% of any assessment for each of the five privilege periods beginning on or after the third calendar year commencing after the assessment was paid, except that no member organization may offset more than 20% of its corporation business tax liability in any one year.

To claim this credit, the taxpayer must complete Form 310 and attach it to the tax return. This form and related information may be obtained from Taxpayer Forms Services, which can be contacted by following the instructions on page 11.

(b) NEW JOBS INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT: This tax credit is available for investment in new or expanded business facilities that create new jobs in New Jersey. The investment must create at least 5 new jobs (50 for large businesses), and meet the median annual compensation requirement for the current tax year. New investment is not eligible for the credit unless the average value of all real and tangible personal property in this State has increased over the prior year.

The facilities must have been purchased from an unrelated party during or after the taxpayer's accounting period beginning on or after July 7, 1993, the effective date of this legislation. It must be employed by the taxpayer in a taxable activity and must not have been in use during the 90 day period prior to purchase. Investments which qualify for the Manufacturing Equipment and Employment Investment Tax Credit cannot also qualify for this credit.

A new employee means a New Jersey resident, hired to fill a regular, permanent position in this State which did not exist prior to the qualified investment, and would not exist but for the qualified investment. The employee must be unrelated to the taxpayer and must not have been employed by the taxpayer during the six months prior to the date the investment was placed in service or use.

The taxpayer cannot claim a credit for a number of new employees that exceeds either the increase in the taxpayer's average employment for the tax year, or one-half the taxpayer's average employment for the year. Also, individuals counted in determining the New Jobs Factor must not be ones for whom the taxpayer is allowed an Urban Enterprise Zone or Urban Development Project Employees Tax Credit.

A small business taxpayer must also meet the annual payroll and annual gross receipts requirements for the current tax year to qualify.

To claim this credit, the taxpayer must complete Form 304 and attach it to the tax return. This form and related information may be obtained from Taxpayer Forms Services, which can be contacted by following the instructions on page 11.

(c) URBAN ENTERPRISE ZONE TAX CREDITS: A taxpayer that has been designated as a "qualified business" as defined in the New Jersey Urban Enterprise Zones Act, N.J.S.A. 52:27H-60 et seq., may qualify for either an employee tax credit or an investment tax credit. To be eligible, the taxpayer must have been certified as a qualified business by the Urban Enterprise Zones Authority. Certification is renewable annually. The urban enterprise zones are located in Asbury Park, Bridgeton, Camden, Carteret, East Orange, Elizabeth, Guttenberg, Hillside, Irvington, Jersey City, Kearny, Lakewood, Long Branch, Millville, Mount Holly, Newark, North Bergen, Orange, Passaic, Paterson, Pemberton Township, Perth Amboy, Phillipsburg, Plainfield, Pleasantville, Trenton, Union City, Vineland and

West New York. Further information can be obtained from the New Jersey Urban Enterprise Zones Authority, Department of Commerce and Economic Development, PO Box 829, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0829, phone (609) 292-1912.

The forms required to validate the employee tax credit (Form 300) and the investment tax credit (Form 301) are available from Taxpayer Forms Services, which can be contacted by following the instructions on page 11. Specific information on these tax credits can be obtained from the Regulatory Services Branch, phone (609) 292-5994.

- (1) Employees Tax Credit: This credit is available to a taxpayer that was certified as a qualified business in the preceding tax year as well as the current tax year. Qualifying employees must have been hired after certification and must have worked six consecutive months in the tax year following the tax year in which employment began. To claim the credit, a completed Form 300 must be attached to the tax return.
- (2) **Investment Tax Credit:** A qualified business which is not entitled to an employee tax credit may be entitled to the investment tax credit. This credit is only available to an employer with less than 50 employees. The investment must be at least \$5,000 if there are 10 or fewer employees, and increases by \$500 for each additional employee. To qualify for the credit, the investment must be approved by the Urban Enterprise Zones Authority. A completed Form 301 must be attached to the tax return to validate the investment tax credit claim.
- (d) REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY PROJECT TAX CREDIT: Any taxpayer that is actively engaged in the conduct of business at a location within a project as defined in N.J.S.A. 55:19-1 et seq., and whose business at that location consists primarily of manufacturing or other business that is not retail sales or warehousing oriented, may be entitled to claim the Redevelopment Authority Project Tax Credit. This credit is allowed in the tax year next following the tax year of qualification. To claim the credit, the taxpayer must complete Form 302 and attach it to the tax return. This form and related information may be obtained from Taxpayer Forms Services, which can be contacted by following the instructions on page 11. Inquiries regarding the projects should be directed to the New Jersey Redevelopment Authority, PO Box 790, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0790, phone (609) 292-3739.
- (e) RECYCLING EQUIPMENT TAX CREDIT: A taxpayer that purchased qualified recycling equipment on or after October 1, 1987 and received a certification for this equipment from the Commissioner of the Department of Environmental Protection may be eligible to claim the Recycling Equipment Tax Credit. The recycling equipment must have been used exclusively within New Jersey, except for vehicles which must have been used primarily within New Jersey.

The legislation governing this tax credit expired on December 31, 1996, however, any unused credits claimed prior to January 1, 1997, can be taken on the current tax return subject to the limitations set forth on Form 303.

To claim this credit, the taxpayer must complete Form 303 and attach it to the tax return. This form and related information may be obtained from Taxpayer Forms Services, which can be contacted by following the instructions on page 11.

(f) MANUFACTURING EQUIPMENT AND EMPLOYMENT INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT: Investments in qualified manufacturing equipment made in tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1994, may be eligible for the Manufacturing Equipment and Employment Investment Tax Credit. Such investment has the benefit of allowing a tax credit computation for the tax year in which the investment was made as well as each of the following two tax years. The tax credit computation for the first year is based on the cost of the qualified manufacturing equipment placed in service in New Jersey during that tax year. The computations for the two following tax

years are based on the average increase in New Jersey residents employed in New Jersey subject to a limitation based on the cost of the investment made in the first year.

The manufacturing equipment portion is limited to 2% of the investment credit base of qualified equipment placed in service in the tax year, up to a maximum allowed credit for the tax year of \$1,000,000. The employment investment portion is valid for each of the two tax years next succeeding the tax year for which the manufacturing equipment credit is allowed, but is limited to 3% of the investment credit base, not to exceed a maximum allowable amount for each of the two tax years of \$1,000 multiplied by the increase in the average number of qualified employees.

To claim this credit, the taxpayer must complete Form 305 and attach it to the tax return. This form and related information may be obtained from Taxpayer Forms Services, which can be contacted by following the instructions on page 11.

(g) RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT TAX CREDIT: A taxpayer that has performed qualified research activities in New Jersey may be eligible to claim the Research and Development Tax Credit. A credit for increased research activities is allowed based on qualified expenditures made in taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1994. It provides a credit of 10% of the excess qualified research expenses over a base amount plus 10% of the basic research payments.

Qualified research is limited to scientific experimentation or engineering activities designed to aid in the development of a new or improved product, process, technique, formula, invention, or computer software programs held for sale, lease, or license, or used by the taxpayer in a trade or business. For inhouse research expenses (see Section 41(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code), this trade or business requirement will be met if the taxpayer's principal purpose for conducting the research is to use the results of the research in the active conduct of a future trade or business (see Section 41(b)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code).

To claim this credit, the taxpayer must complete Form 306 and attach it to the tax return. This form and related information may be obtained from Taxpayer Forms Services, which can be contacted by following the instructions on page 11.

(h) SMART MOVES FOR BUSINESS PROGRAMS TAX CREDIT (FORMERLY THE EMPLOYER TRIP REDUCTION PLAN-RIDE SHARE TAX CREDIT): A taxpayer that has registered with the New Jersey Department of Transportation and has an authorized report/plan to provide commuter transportation benefits may claim a tax credit based on the direct expenditures attributed to the plan.

The credit may be taken for expenditures attributed to authorized plans approved after January 1, 1994. Taxpayers subject to more than one tax for which the credit can be applied must prorate the credit amount available based on the amount that each liability has to the total of the liabilities in the reporting period.

The ride share credit is equal to 10% of the cost of commuter transportation benefits provided during the reporting period. The maximum calculation equals the per employee limit multiplied by the number of participating employees. The per employee limit is adjusted annually in proportion to the consumer price index.

To claim this credit, the taxpayer must complete Form 307 and attach it to the tax return. This form and related information may be obtained from Taxpayer Forms Services, which can be contacted by following the instructions on page 11.

(i) SMALL NEW JERSEY-BASED HIGH-TECHNOLOGY BUSINESS INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT: A taxpayer may claim a tax credit in an amount equal to 10% of the qualified investment made by the taxpayer during the tax year in a small-New Jersey-based high-technology business. The maximum allowable credit for each tax year is \$500,000 for each qualified investment made by the taxpayer. The small high-technology business must employ less than 225 employees, of which 75% must have jobs in New Jersey. The small high-technology business must conduct pilot scale manufacturing or qualified research in New Jersey in the fields of advanced computing, advanced materials, biotechnology, electronic device technology, environmental technology, and medical device technology. P.L. 1997, c. 349 (N.J.S.A. 54:10A-5.24b) expired for privilege periods beginning on and after July 1, 2001.

To claim this credit, the taxpayer must complete Form 308 and attach it to the tax return., This form and related information may be obtained from Taxpayer Forms Services, which can be contacted by following the instructions on page 11.

(j) NEIGHBORHOOD REVITALIZATION STATE TAX CREDIT: A taxpayer that contributes financial assistance to a nonprofit sponsor may be granted a certificate authorizing a tax credit which may be used to offset their corporation business tax liability. The tax credit may be granted in an amount up to 50% of the approved assistance provided to a nonprofit organization to implement a qualified project that is part of an approved neighborhood preservation and revitalization plan. The credit may not exceed \$500,000 for any taxable year.

To claim this credit, the taxpayer must complete Form 311 and attach it to the tax return. This form and related information may be obtained from Taxpayer Forms Services, which can be contacted by following the instructions on page 11.

(k) EFFLUENT EQUIPMENT TAX CREDIT: A taxpayer that purchases treatment or conveyance equipment for use in treatment of effluent for reuse in an industrial process exclusively within New Jersey may be able to take a tax credit. The credit is equal to 50% of the cost of the treatment equipment or conveyance equipment less the amount of any loan received and excluding the amount of sales and use tax. The amount of credit claimed for the privilege period in which the purchase is made and the amount of credit claimed therefor in each privilege period thereafter shall not exceed 20% of the amount of the total credit allowable. A copy of the determination of environmentally beneficial operation issued by the Department of Environmental Protection along with an affidavit affirming the equipment will only be used in New Jersey must be filed with the tax return

To claim this credit, the taxpayer must complete Form 312 and attach it to the tax return. This form and related information may be obtained from Taxpayer Forms Services, which can be contacted by following the instructions on page 11.

(1) ECONOMIC RECOVERY TAX CREDIT: A taxpayer that is engaged in the conduct of business within a qualified municipality and who is not receiving a benefit under the "New Jersey Urban Enterprise Zones Act" may claim a tax credit equal to \$2,500 for each new full-time position at that location in credit year one and \$1,250 for each new full-time position at that location in credit year two.

To claim this credit, the taxpayer must complete Form 313 and attach it to the tax return. This form and related information may be obtained from Taxpayer Forms Services, which can be contacted by following the instructions on page 11.

- (m) OTHER TAX CREDITS: Line 13 on Schedule A-3 provides for any valid tax credit(s) allowable in accordance with the New Jersey Corporation Business Tax Act that were not enacted at the time that this packet was printed. Any tax credit(s) claimed on this line must be documented with a valid New Jersey Corporation Business Tax Credit Form, which is required to be submitted with the tax return.
- **40. INSTALLMENT PAYMENTS:** Taxpayers are required to make installment payments of estimated tax. The requirement for making these payments is based on the amount of the total tax liability

shown on the most recent return.

- (a) If the 2002 Total Tax Liability is \$500 or more, the taxpayer must make installment payments towards 2003. These payments are to be made on form CBT-150 and are due on or before the 15th day of the 4th, 6th, 9th and 12th months of the tax year. Details for making these payments can be found in the CBT-150 instructions. This form can be obtained by following the instructions on page 11.
- (b) If the 2002 Total Tax Liability is less than \$500, installment payments may be made as indicated in (a) above OR in lieu of making installment payments, the taxpayer may make a payment of 50% of the 2002 total tax liability. For taxpayers who qualify and wish to take advantage of this option, enter on line 14, 50% of the amount on line 13. This will become part of the payment to be made with the 2002 return and installment payments will not be required. This payment should be claimed as a credit when filing the 2003 return.
- **41. PAYMENTS AND CREDITS:** Credit for the total amount of the payments and credits listed below should be taken on page 1, line 16:
 - (a) Include installment tax payments made with form CBT-150 as well as any payment made on line 14 of the 2001 tax return.
 - (b) Include the payment, if any, that was remitted with the tentative return, form CBT-200-T.
 - (c) Include any overpayment from the preceding tax return which the taxpayer elected to have credited to the current year's tax. Do not include any amount of the overpayment which the taxpayer elected to have refunded.
 - (d) Include any payments remitted electronically through the Electronic Funds Transfer Program.
 - (e) Line 16(a)-Include the total payments made by partnerships on behalf of the taxpayer that are reported in Column 7 on Schedule P-1. Submit copies of the K-1's reflecting payments made by each partnership entity.

42. LINE 18 - DELINQUENT FILING AND/OR TAX PAYMENT-COMPUTATION OF PENALTY AND INTEREST:

Late Filing Penalty - 5% per month or fraction thereof on the amount of underpayment not to exceed 25% of that underpayment, except if no return has been filed within 30 days of the date on which the first notice of delinquency in filing the return was sent, the penalty shall accrue at 5% per month or fraction thereof of the total tax liability not to exceed 25% of such tax liability. Also, a penalty of \$100 for each month the return is delinquent may be imposed.

Late Payment Penalty - 5% of the balance of tax due paid after the due date for filing the return may be imposed.

Interest - The annual interest rate is 3% above the average predominant prime rate. Interest is imposed each month or fraction thereof on the unpaid balance of tax from the original due date to the date of payment. At the end of each calendar year, any tax, penalties and interest remaining due will become part of the balance on which interest will be charged. The interest rates assessed by the Division of Taxation are published in the quarterly issues of the *New Jersey State Tax News*. To obtain a copy, refer to the instructions on page 11.

NOTE: The average predominant prime rate is the rate as determined by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, quoted by commercial banks to large businesses on December 1st of the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year in which payment was due or as redetermined by the Director in accordance with N.J.S.A. 54:48-2.

Civil Fraud - If any part of an assessment is due to civil fraud, there shall be added to the tax an amount equal to 50% of the assessment in accordance with N.J.S.A. 54:49-9.1.

- **43. LINE 19 UNDERPAYMENT OF ESTIMATED TAX:** Form CBT-160 must be used by taxpayers to determine whether an underpayment exists in any of the installment payment periods and if the corporation is subject to an interest charge on such underpayment, the amount of interest. If the taxpayer qualifies for any of the exceptions to the imposition of interest for any of the installment payments, Part II must be completed and should be filed with the taxpayer's return, form CBT-100, as evidence of such exception. The CBT-160 must be attached to the return and any interest due entered on line 19, Page 1 of the form CBT-100.
- **44. LINE 20 ANNUAL REPORT FEE AND REGISTERED AGENT CHANGE FEE:** Enter the appropriate fee(s) due for the year on page 1, line 20. The annual report fee is \$50 and the fee to change the registered agent is \$25. The total amount is \$50 for corporations submitting the annual report only, or \$75 for corporations submitting both the annual report and registered agent change filing.
- Any payments made toward the current year's Corporation Business Tax liability and/or any credits carried forward from the prior year's overpayment, which are collectively reported on page 1, line 16 and line 16(a) of the tax return, can be used to satisfy the required annual report fee(s) reported on page 1, line 20 of that return.
- **45. AMENDED RETURNS:** Form CBT-100-X can be used to amend CBT-100 returns through tax periods ended on or before June 30, 1994. To amend CBT-100 returns for subsequent tax periods, use the CBT-100 form for the appropriate tax year and write "AMENDED RETURN" clearly on the front page of the form. Refer to instruction 1 for the mailing address.

LIST OF CBT-100 SCHEDULES, FORMS AND INSTRUCTIONS

Page 1	Computation of Tax
Schedule A	Computation of Entire Net Income
Schedule A-1	Net Operating Loss Deduction and Carryover
Schedule A-2	Cost of Goods Sold
Schedule A-3	Summary of Tax Credits
Schedule B	Balance Sheet
Schedule C	Reconciliation of Income Per Books with Income Per Return
Schedule C-1	Analysis of Unappropriated Retained Earnings Per Books
Schedule E	General Information
Schedule F	Corporate Officers - General Information and Compensation
Schedule H	Taxes
Schedule I	Certification of Inactivity
	General Information for Allocating Taxpayers, Average Values, Computation of Allocation Factor
Schedule L	Investment Companies
Schedule M	Regulated Investment Companies & Real Estate Investment Trusts
Schedule N *	Nexus - Immune Activity Declaration
Schedule O *	Nonoperational Activity
Schedule P	Subsidiary Investment Analysis
Schedule P-1	Partnership Investment Analysis
Schedule Q	Qualified Subchapter S Subsidiaries (QSSS)
Schedule R	Dividend Exclusion
Schedule S	Depreciation and Safe Harbor Leasing
Schedule S-1	Modification of Federal Taxable Income for S Corporations
Form 300 *	Urban Enterprise Zone Employees Tax Credit and Credit Carry Forward
Form 301 *	Urban Enterprise Zone Investment Tax Credit and Credit Carry Forward
Form 302 and 302-A *	Redevelopment Authority Project Tax Credit and Credit Carry Forward
Form 303 *	Recycling Equipment Tax Credit
Form 304 and 304-A *	New Jobs Investment Tax Credit
Form 305 and 305-A *	Manufacturing Equipment and Employment Investment Tax Credit
Form 306 and 306-A *	Research and Development Tax Credit
Form 307 and 307-A *	Smart Moves For Business Programs Tax Credit
Form 308 and 308-A *	Small New Jersey-Based High-Technology Business Investment Tax Credit
Form 310*	HMO Assistance Fund Tax Credit
Form 311*	Neighborhood Revitalization State Tax Credit
Form 312*	Effluent Equipment Tax Credit
Form 313*	Economic Recovery Tax Credit

^{*} Must be requested from the Division's Taxpayer Forms Services

TAX FORMS AND INFORMATION

Requests for forms should be addressed to the New Jersey Division of Taxation, Taxpayer Forms Services, PO Box 269, Trenton, NJ 08695-0269. To listen to prerecorded information or to order forms and publications, dial 1-800-323-4400 from touch-tone phones within New Jersey, or 609-826-4400 from touch-tone phones anywhere. If you wish to speak to a Division representative, contact the Division of Taxation's Customer Service Center at 609-292-6400. To request a subscription to the New Jersey State Tax News write to: New Jersey Division of Taxation, Information and Publications Branch, PO Box 281, Trenton, NJ 08695-0281 or send an e-mail to taxation@tax.state.nj.us.

Many State tax forms and publications are available by fax and/or on our web site. Call NJ TaxFax at 609-826-4500 from your fax machine's phone, or access the Division's home page at: http://www.state.nj.us/treasury/taxation/.